

## THE UNITED SIMILES OF ANTERIOA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE: PRESENTS SHALL COME:

Monsanto Jechnology TIG

There has been presented to the

## Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT. THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE TIGHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR RITING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE PURPOSES, OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

CORN, FIELD

'I180576'

In Testimonn Thereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Hunt Intiety Trotection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this eleventh day of December, in the year two thousand and six.

Attest:

gen on

Commissioner

Plant Variety Protection Office Agricultural Marketing Service K John Agriculture

ST-470 (02-10-2003) designed by the Plant Variety Protection Office using Word 2000.

(See reverse for instructions and information collection burden state

#### INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: To be effectively filed with the Plant Variety Protection Office (PVPO), ALL of the following items must be received in the PVPO: (1) Completed application form signed by the owner; (2) completed exhibits A, B, C, E; (3) for a seed reproduced variety at least 2,500 viable untreated seeds, for a hybrid variety at least 2,500 untreated seeds of each line necessary to reproduce the variety, or for tuber reproduced varieties verification that a viable (in the sense that it will reproduce an entire plant) tissue culture will be deposited and maintained in an approved public repository; (4) check drawn on a U.S. bank for \$3,652 (\$432 filling fee and \$3,220 examination fee), payable to "Treasurer of the United States" (See Section 97.6 of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.) Partial applications will be held in the PVPO for not more than 90 days, then returned to the applicant as unfilled. Mail application and other requirements to Plant Variety Protection Office, AMS, USDA, Room 401, NAL Building, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705-2351. Retain one copy for your files. All items on the face of the application are self explanatory unless noted below. Corrections on the application form and exhibits must be initiated and dated. DO NOT use masking materials to make corrections. If a certificate is allowed, you will be requested to send a check payable to "Treasurer of the United States" in the amount of \$432 for issuance of the certificate. Certificates will be issued to owner, not licensee or agent.

#### **Plant Variety Protection Office** Telephone: (301) 504-5518 FAX: (301) 504-5291

Homepage: http://www.ams.usda.gov/science/pvpo/pvp.htm

#### ITEM

18a. Give:

- (1) the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method;
- (2) the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication;
- (3) evidence of uniformity and stability; and
- (4) the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified
- 18b. Give a summary of the variety's distinctness. Clearly state how this application variety may be distinguished from all other varieties in the same crop. If the new variety is most similar to one variety or a group of related varieties:
  - (1) identify these varieties and state all differences objectively;
  - (2) attach statistical data for characters expressed numerically and demonstrate that these are clear differences; and
  - (3) submit, if helpful, seed and plant specimens or photographs (prints) of seed and plant comparisons which clearly indicate distinctness.
- 18c. Exhibit C forms are available from the PVPO Office for most crops; specify crop kind. Fill in Exhibit C (Objective Description of Variety) form as completely as possible to describe your variety.
- 18d. Optional additional characteristics and/or photographs. Describe any additional characteristics that cannot be accurately conveyed in Exhibit C. Use comparative varieties as is necessary to reveal more accurately the characteristics that are difficult to describe, such as plant habit, plant color, disease resistance, etc.
- 18e. Section 52(5) of the Act requires applicants to furnish a statement of the basis of the applicant's ownership. An Exhibit E form is available from the PVPO.
- If "Yes" is specified (seed of this variety be sold by variety name only, as a class of certified seed), the applicant MAY NOT reverse this affirmative decision after the variety has been sold and so labeled, the decision published, or the certificate issued. However, if "No" has been specified, the applicant may change the choice. (See Regulations and Rules of Practice, Section 97.103).
- 22. See Sections 41, 42, and 43 of the Act and Section 97.5 of the regulations for eligibility requirements.
- See Section 55 of the Act for instructions on claiming the benefit of an earlier filing date.
- 21. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide a statement as to the limitation and sequence of generations that may be certified.)
- 22. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide the date of first sale, disposition, transfer, or use for each country and the circumstances, if the variety (including any harvested material) or a hybrid produced from this variety has been sold, disposed of, transferred, or used in the U.S. or other countries.)

## Parent of a hybrid sold in the U.S. - March 2003

23. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please give the country, date of filing or issuance, and assigned reference number, if the variety or any component of the variety is protected by intellectual property right (Plant Breeder's Right or Patent).)

NOTES: It is the responsibility of the applicant/owner to keep the PVPO informed of any changes of address or change of ownership or assignment or owner's representative during the life of the application/certificate. There is no charge for filing a change of address. The fee for filing a change of ownership or assignment or any modification of owner's name is specified in Section 97.175 of the regulations. (See Section 101 of the Act, and Sections 97.130, 97.131, 97.175(h) of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.)

To avoid conflict with other variety names in use, the applicant must check the appropriate recognized authority. For example, for agricultural and vegetable crops, contact: Seed Branch, AMS, USDA, Room 213, Bullding 306, Beltsville Agricultural Research Center-East, Beltsville, MD 20705. Telephone: (301) 504-8089. http://www.ams.usda.gov/lsg/seed.htm

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 3.0 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, gender, religion, ege, disability, sexual orientation, marital or family status, political beliefs, parental status, or protected genetic information. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at 202-720-2600 (voice and TDD).

To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call 202-720-5964 (voice and TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

ST-470 (02-10-2003) designed by the Plant Variety Protection Office with Word 2000. Replaces former versions of ST-470, which are obs

#### **EXHIBIT A**

## Origin and Breeding History I180576

Summer 1995	The inbred 3IIH6 (a proprietary Monsanto inbred) was crossed to the inbred LH177 (a Holden Foundation Seeds line) in Olivia MN. Nursery in Range-Row hill plots 409-31 x 409-32.			
Winter 1995-1996	The S0 seed was grown and self-pollinated in nursery row 6K17-15 Kihe Hawaii.			
Summer 1996	The S1 seed was grown and self-pollinated in nursery rows 6-1 thru 6-40 Olivia MN. 90 ears were selected.			
Summer 1997	S2 ears were grown ear-to-row and self-pollinated. 3 ears were selected in nursery row 120-16 Olivia MN.			
Summer 1998	S3 ears were grown ear-to-row and self-pollinated. 3 ears were selected from nursery row 141-45 Olivia MN.			
Winter 1998-1999	S4 ears were grown ear-to-row and self-pollinated. Corn Variety I180576 was named. Ear selections from Range-row 91SS-61 were advanced as the new line.			
Summer 1999	S5 ears were grown ear-to-row and self-pollinated in Range-rows 518-38 thru 518-52 and 519-52 thru 519-44 Olivia MN.			

## Statement of Stability and Uniformity

Corn variety I180576 was coded in 1998 with final selection made in 1999. This corn variety has been reproduced by self pollination for three generations and judged to be stable. Corn vareity I180576 is uniform for all traits observed.

#### Statement of Variants

Corn variety I180576 shows no variants other than what would normally be expected due to environment or that would occur for almost any character during the course of repeated sexual reproduction.



Inbred Corn Line 'I180576' was selected for improved dry-down, root strength, stalk strength and general combining ability.

# EXHIBIT B (revised)

## **Statement of Distinctness**

Monsanto Technology L.L.C. believes that corn variety I180576 is most similar to corn variety 3IIH6 (PVP No. 9300087), an inbred developed by DEKALB Genetics Corporation.

Corn variety I180576 and 3IIH6 differ most significantly in the following traits:

Trait	Year	1180576	3IIH6	t-test results
Tassel Peduncle Length (cm)	2000	3.8 (Std. Dev. = 0.15, N = 10)	7.8 (Std. Dev. = 1.1, N = 10)	t = -10.7 p-value = 0.000
Tassel Peduncle Length (cm)	2001	3.7 (Std. Dev. = 0.39, N = 10)	8.0 (Std. Dev. = 1.2, N = 10)	t = -8.97 p-value = 0.000
Glume Color	2000/2001	Green (5 GY 4/8)	Red (2.5 R 5/8)	-
Anther Color	2000/2001	Yellow (2.5 Y.8/10)	Green-Yellow (2.5 GY 8/6)	-

#### United States Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Marketing Service Science Division, Plant Variety Protection Office National Agricultural Library Building, Room 500 Beltsville, MD 20705

## OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY CORN (Zea mays L.)

Name of Applicant(s)  Variety Seed Source Variety Name or Temporary Design						emporary Designation
Monsanto Technology L.L.C.				1180576		
Address (Street & No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, Zip C		FOR OFFICI	אד. זופד			
3100 Sycamore Road, DeKalb, IL 60115 U.S.A.		,				
The state of the s	4			PVPO Numbe		00295
Place the appropriate number that describes the varietal whole numbers by adding leading zeroes if necessary. Contraits designated by a '*' are considered necessary for					elow. Right justify variety description.	
COLOR CHOICES (Use in conjunction with Munsell color cod 01=Light Green 06=Pale Yellow 02=Medium Green 07=Yellow 03=Dark Green 08=Yellow-Orange 04=Very Dark Green 09=Salmon 05=Green-Yellow 10=Pink-Orange	Purple e less	21= 22= 23= 24= 25=	=Buff =Tan =Brown =Bronze =Variegat	omments section): ted (Describe) Describe)		
STANDARD INBRED CHOICES (Use the most similar (in background and maturity) of these to make comparisons based on grow-out trial date						, 2132 HP301, HP7211
1. TYPE: (describe intermediate types in Comments section)  * '2 1=Sweet 2=Dent 3=Flint 4=Flour 5=Pop 6=Ornamental 7=Pipecorn				Standard Inbred Name B73		
2. REGION WHERE DEVELOPED IN THE U.S.A.:  * 2 1=Northwest 2=Northcentral 3=Northeast 4=Southeast 5=Southcentral 6=Southwest 7=Other				Standard Seed Source NCRIPS2		
3. MATURITY (In Region Best Adaptability; show Heat Unit formula in "Comments" section):  DAYS  HEAT UNITS  * 0 7 1 1 4 1 7.5 From emergence to 50% of plants in silk  * 0 7 2 1 4 4 6 5 From emergence to 50% of plants in paller				0	HEAT UN	8.5
* 0 7 2 1 4 4 6.5 From emergence to 50%  0 0 7 9.2 From 10% to 90% polle		o⊥ien	0 7	8	1 5 5	5.0
(*) From 50% silk to opti		ity				- <del> *</del>
From 50% silk to harvest at 25% moisture				<del></del>		<b>-</b>
4. PLANT: Standard Deviation Sample Size				Standa	rd Devia	tion Sample Size
* 2 0 3.4 cm Plant Height (to tassel tip)	15.9	20	2 0	2. 4	7.2	30
* 0 7 2.1 cm Ear Height (to base of top ear node)	4.2	20	_	4. 7	2.3	30
0 1 4.0 cm Length of Top Ear Internode	0.6	20		5. 1	0.4	30
Average Number of Tillers						
* 1. 0 Average Number of Ears per Stalk	0.0	20	0 0	1. 0	0.0	30
2 Anthocyanin of Brace Roots: 1=Absent 2=Faint 3=Moderate 4=Dark						
Application Variety Data	Pag	ge 1	Standa	ard Inbred	Data	

Application Variety Data	Page	Page 2		Standard Inbred Data		
5. LEAF:	Standard Deviation	Sample Size	St	andard Deviation	n Sample Size	
* 0 0 8.0 cm Width of Ear Node Leaf	0.5	20	0 0 7.1	0.1	30	
* 0 7 5.7 cm Length of Ear Node Leaf	0.9	20	0 7 1.6	1.1	30	
* 5. 2 Number of leaves above top ear	0.0	10	5. 4	0.3	15	
2 4.5 degrees Leaf Angle (measure from 2nd leaf above ear a	1.4 t anthesis to stalk abo	20 ve leaf)	2 4.3	1,1	30	
* 0 3 Leaf Color (Munsell code 5 GY 3/4)			0 3 (Munsel	.1 code 5 GY 3/4;	)	
3 Leaf Sheath Pubescence(Rate on sca	le from 1=none to 9=pea	ch fuzz)	5	*		
7 Marginal Waves (Rate on scale from	1=none to 9=many)		6			
4 Longitudinal Creases (Rate on scale	e from 1=none to 9=many	)	5			
6. TASSEL:	Standard Deviation	Sample Size	St	andard Deviation	n Sample Siz	
* 8. 1 Number of Primary Lateral Branches	4.3	20	6. 0	1.0	30	
3 4. 0 Branch Angle from Central Spike	10.6	20	2 8.0	0.7	30	
* 3 7.1 cm Tassel Length (from top leaf collar to tassel tip) 4.3 Pollen Shed (Rate on scale from 0=male :	0.1	20	4 4.9	0.1	30	
0 7 Anther Color (Munsell code 2.5 Y 8/10)	sterile to 9=neavy sned	)	6. 8	1 10	16)	
0 2 Glume Color (Munsell code 5 GY 4/8)		•	· ·	l code 10 Y 8.5/		
1 Bar Glumes (Glume Bands): 1=Absent 2=Pre	<del>-</del>		U 2 (Munsel 1	1 code 5 GY 4/8)	,	
			±			
7a. EAR (Unhusked Data):						
* 0 5 Silk Color (3 days after emergence) (Munse			0 5 (Munsel	1 code 2.5 GY 8/	<sup>7</sup> 6)	
0 2 Fresh Husk Color (25 days after 50% silking) (Munsell code 5 GY 4/8)				l code 5 GY 4/8)		
2 1 Dry Husk Color (65 days after 50% Silking)			2 1 (Munsel	1 code 2.5 Y 8/4	1)	
* 3 Position of Ear at Dry Husk Stage: 1=Upric		ent	3			
6 Husk Tightness (Rate on scale from 1=very			6			
1 Husk Extension (at harvest): 1=Short (ears 3=Long (8-10 cm beyond ear	s exposed) 2=Medium (<8 c tip) 4=Very Long (>10	cm)	3			
7b. EAR (Husked Ear Data):	Standard Deviation	Sample Size	St	andard Deviation	Sample Size	
* 1 5.6 cm Ear Length	0.1	20	1 3.1	0.4	30	
* 3 6.0 mm Ear Diameter at mid-point	1.0	20	4 2.7	0.8	30	
gm Ear Weight				_•-		
* 1 3 Number of Kernel Rows	0.6	20	1 6.4	0.7	30	
2 Kernel Rows: 1=Indistinct 2=Distinct			2			
1 Row Alignment: 1=Straight 2=Slightly	Curved 3=Spiral		2			
0 9.6 cm Shank Length	3.0	20	0 8.1	0.7	30	
2 Ear Taper: 1=Slight 2=Average 3=Extre	me		2			
Application Variety Data			Standard Inbr	ed Data		
Note: Use chart on first page to choose color codes	for color traits.					

Application Variety Data	Page 3		Standard Inbred Data		
8. KERNEL (Dried):	Standard Deviation	Sample Size	Star	dard Deviation	Sample Size
0 9.8 mm Kernel Length	0.8	20	1 0.7	0.4	15
0 7.8 mm Kernel Width	0.8	20	0 6.8	0.2	15
0 4.5 mm Kernel Thickness	0.1	20	0 3.6	0.3	15
2 3.5 % Round Kernels (Shape Grade)	7.1	50 <b>0</b> g	3 8.7	6.4	500g
l Aleurone Color Pattern: 1=Homozygous 2=5	Segregating		1		
(*) 1 9 Aleurone Color (Munsell code Lighter tha	n 2.5 Y 9/2)	•	1 9 (Munsell	code Lighter Tha	an 2.5 Y 9/2)
* 0 7 Hard Endosperm Color (Munsell code 2.5 Y	7 8/10)		0 7 (Munsell	code 2.5 Y 8/10	
* 0 3 Endosperm Type: 1=Sweet (sul) 2=Extra Sw 4=High Amylose Starch 5=Waxy Starch 6=H 8=Super Sweet (se) 9=High Oil 10=Other	weet (sh2) 3=Normal St ligh Protein 7=High Ly	arch sine	0 3		
gm Weight per 100 Kernels (unsized sampl	e) _•_	seeds	• _		seeds
9. COB:	Standard Deviation	Sample Size	Stan	dard Deviation	Sample Size
* 1 9.0 mm Cob Diameter at mid-point	0.2	20	2 4.9	0.9	30
1 4 Cob Color (Munsell code 5 R 3/8)			1 4 (Munsell	code 5 R 3/8)	
10. DISEASE RESISTANCE (Rate from 1 (most susceptible	) to 9 (most resistan	E);			
leave blank if not tested; leave Race or Stra	in Options blank if p	olygenic):			
A. Leaf Blights, Wilts, and Local Infection Diseases					
6 Anthracnose Leaf Blight (Colletotrichum graminico 7 Common Rust (Puccinia sorghi) Common Smut (Ustilago maydis) 5 Eyespot (Kabatiella zeae) 4 Goss's Wilt (Clavibacter michiganense spp. nebras 4 Gray Leaf Spot (Cercospora zeae-maydis) 6 Helminthosporium Leaf Spot (Bipolaris zeicola) Ra- 5 Northern Leaf Blight (Exserohilum turcicum) Race 5 Southern Leaf Blight (Bipolaris maydis) Race 0 Southern Rust (Puccinia polysora) 4 Stewart's Wilt (Erwinia stewartii) Other (Specify)	kense) ce 2 2		7 5 7 7 2 8 Race 2 5 Race 2 3 Race 0		
B. Systemic Diseases					
3 Corn Lethal Necrosis (MCMV and MDMV) 2 Head Smut (Sphacelotheca reiliana)    Maize Chlorotic Dwarf Virus (MCDV)    Maize Chlorotic Mottle Virus (MCMV)    Maize Dwarf Mosaic Virus (MDMV) Strain    Sorghum Downy Mildew of Corn (Peronosclerospora so Other (Specify)  C. Stalk Rots	orghi)		3 7  Strain		
		1			
Anthracnose Stalk Rot (Colletotrichum graminicola) Diplodia Stalk Rot (Stenocarpella maydis) Fusarium Stalk Rot (Fusarium moniliforme) Gibberella Stalk Rot (Gibberella zeae) Other (Specify)			- - -		
D. Ear and Kernel Rots					
Aspergillus Ear and Kernel Rot (Aspergillus flavus Diplodia Ear Rot (Stenocarpella maydis) Fusarium Ear and Kernel Rot (Fusarium moniliforme) Gibberella Ear Rot (Gibberella zeae) Other (Specify)					
Application Variety Data			Standard Inbred	Data	
Note: Use chart on first page to choose color codes fo	r color traits.				

Application Variety Data	Pac	je 4	Standard Inbred Data		
<ol> <li>INSECT RESISTANCE (Rate from 1 (most susceptible) the leave blank if not tested):</li> </ol>	to 9 (most resistar	it);			
Banks Grass Mite (Oligonychus pratensis) Corn Earworm (Helicoverpa zea) Leaf-Feeding Silk Feeding:	Standard Deviation	Sample Size		Standard Deviation	Sample Size
	ding)		3 5		
cm tunneled/plant Fall Armyworm ( <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> ) Leaf-Feeding Silk-Feeding :					
mg larval wt. Maize Weevil (Sitophilus zeamaize) Northern Rootworm (Diabrotica barberi) Southern Rootworm (Diabrotica undecimpunctata) Southwestern Corn Borer (Diatraea grandiosella) Leaf Feeding Stalk Tunneling:			· - 		
cm tunneled/plant Two-spotted Spider Mite (Tetranychus urticae) Western Rootworm (Diabrotica virgifera virgifera) Other (Specify)			· _		
2. AGRONOMIC TRAITS:					<del></del>
<pre>5 Stay Green (at 65 days after anthesis) (Ra</pre>		1=worst	2		
0 0.0 % Pre-anthesis Brittle Snapping			0 0.0		
0 0.0 % Pre-anthesis Root Lodging			0 0.0		
0 2.8% Post-anthesis Root Lodging (at 65 days a	ifter anthesis)		0 3.4	-	
7 4 0. 8 Kg/ha Yield of Inbred Per Se (at 12-13% gr			3 6 4 2. 6		

0 Isozymes

0 RFLP's

0 RAPD's

#### REFERENCES:

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Munsell Color Chart for Plant Tissues. Macbeth. P.O. Box 230. Newburgh, N.Y. 12551-0230
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Shurtleff, M.C. 1980. Compendium of Corn Diseases. APS Press, St. Paul, MN. 105 pp.
Sprague, G.F., and J.W. Dudley (Editors). 1988. Corn and Corn Improvement, Third Edition. Agronomy Monograph 18. ASA, CSSA, SSSA, Madison, WI.
Stringfield, G.H. Maize Inbred Lines of Ohio. Ohio A.E.S., Bul. 831. 1959.
U.S. Department of Agriculture. 1936, 1937. Yearbook.

COMMENTS (eg. state how heat units were calculated, standard inbred seed source, and/or where data was collected. Continue in Exhibit D):

Heat Unit Calculation: GDU = Daily Max Temp ( $<=86^{\circ}F$ ) + Daily Min Temp ( $>=50^{\circ}F$ ) -  $50^{\circ}F$ 

Following is a description of the experimental and environmental conditions by which the trials were conducted along with influences that may have contributed to the variability of the traits:

The corn varieties '1180576', '3IIH6' and 'B73' were grown at the Waterman, IL observation nursery in years 2000-2001. The varieties were planted in 2 row plots with 15 plants per row in each of the three years. Trait data were collected on 10 random representative plants for most traits from each 2 row plot. Data on qualitative traits are usually collected on 10 plants from each 2 row plot. For Exhibit C all data were pooled and reported as means across the three years with standard deviation. The varieties are randomly planted in a 4.5 acre observation nursery which is located within a larger 18 acre field. Besides the observation nursery, this field consists of a research seed increase nursery and an IP seed inventory nursery. The location of each of these individual nurseries is rotated each year to a different location within the 18 acre field. Therefore subject inbreds are not planted adjacent to comparative or standard varieties and may be located in different areas of the larger field each year, therefore being influenced by spacial differences within the field. Growing conditions within the field are not uniform as there are some slight topographical variations such as lower areas which may accumulate and retain water or higher areas which are usually drier. The field is tiled and therefore a variety may be planted close to a tile line while a comparative variety may be planted further away and in a low spot within the field. Temporal variations can exist as weather conditions from year to year can vary as well as planting dates can vary from year to year based on weather conditions. Weather conditions each year can vary the maturity rate of the varieties due to either favorable or unfavorable growing conditions.

Trait variability is not observed for each variety within its own test plot-plants are usually uniform and data are collected on the "most" representative plants- variability occurs due to spacial location of the test plot for that variety from year to year and to the temporal variation of weather conditions from year to year during the 2-3 years data are collected.

Following is a table which lists some environmental data for the months of June through September of 2000 and 2001 (Waterman Research Farm, IL)

Variable	Month	2000	2001
Ave. Rainfall (in)	June	6.5	3.8
Ave. Rainfall (in)	July	3.6	1.7
Ave. Rainfall (in)	August	4.6	2.9
Ave. Rainfall (in)	Sept.	4.6	5.9
Ave. Temp-Max (F°)	June	76.7	77.3
Ave. Temp-Max (F°)	July	80.3	84.9
Ave. Temp-Max (F°)	August	81.3	82.9
Ave. Temp-Max (F°)	Sept.	75.8	71.5
Ave Temp-Min (F°)	June	56.6	56.5
Ave Temp-Min (F°)	July	60.1	62.2
Ave Temp-Min (F°)	August	60.3	61.3
Ave Temp-Min (F°)	Sept.	51.6	48.7

REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and edition date on al	reproductions.	ORM APPROVED - OMB No. 0581-0056
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE  EXHIBIT E  STATEMENT OF THE BASIS OF OWNERSHIP	Application is required in order to der certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2 confidential until the certificate is issued.	termine if a plant variety protection 421). The information is held
1. NAME OF APPLICANT(S)  Monsanto Technology L.L.C.	2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER	3. VARIETY NAME 1180576
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., Selection No., City, State, and ZIP, and Country)	5. TELEPHONE (motode area code)	6: FAX (Include seise code)
3100 Sycamore Road	(815) 758-9281	(815) 758-4106
DeKalb, IL 60115 U.S.A.	7. PVPO NUMBER	2003 0 0295
8. Does the applicant own all rights to the variety? Mark an "X" in the		
9. is the applicant (individual or company) a U.S. National or a U.S.	pased company? If no, give name of	country X YES NO
10. Is the applicant the original owner? X YES NO	If no, please answer <u>one</u> of the fo	illowing:
a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is	(are) the original owner(s) a U.S. Nation	nal(s)?
YES NO	If no, give name of country	
<ul> <li>b. If the original rights to variety were owned by a company(les)</li> </ul>	), is (are) the original owner(s) a U.S. ba	ased company?
" YES NO	if no, give name of country	
11. Additional explanation on ownership (If needed, use the reverse	for extra space):	
Corn Variety I180576 was originated and of Technology L.L.C. By agreement between to any invention, discovery, or development rights to such invention, discovery, or development.	Monsanto Technology L.L.C. au at are assigned to Monsanto Tec	nd the breeder, all rights
PLEASE NOTE:		
Plant variety protection can only be afforded to the owners (not licen	sees) who meet the following criteria:	
<ol> <li>If the rights to the variety are owned by the original breeder, that p national of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of</li> </ol>	person must be a U.S. national, nationa of the U.S. for the same genus and spec	l of a UPOV member country, or cies.
2. If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which emplor nationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a genus and species.	yed the original breeder(s), the compar country which affords similar protection	ny must be U.S. based, owned by to nationals of the U.S. for the same
3. If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the	original owner and the applicant must	meet one of the above criteria.
The original breeder/owner may be the individual or company who d Act for definitions.	lrected the final breeding. See Section	41(a)(2) of the Plant Variety Protection
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